- Integration
  - Indefinite integral as anti-derivative (definition and properties)
  - Definit integral, the fundamental theorem of integral calculus(Newton)
  - Integration by substitution.
- Methods of Integration
  - Integration of certain trigonometric and hyperbolic functions with even and odd powers.
  - Trigonometric and hyperbolic substitutions, In tegration of quadratic from under radical.
  - Integration by parts, Integration of rational functions, Integration of irrational functions, Integration by z=tan(x/2) substitution.
- Applications of definite integrals
  - Area under the curves, Volume (Disk and shell methods), Arc length.
- Complex Numbers
  - Definition of the algebraic from of a complex number, conjugate modulus (absolute value)
  - Operation (sum, product, division), Polar from representation of the complex number, De Mover's theorem, roots of a complex numbers
- Infinite series
  - Sequence, infinite series, algebraic operations on series, Tests for convergence of infinite series, series with non-negative terms, alienating test, integral test, ratio test, Power series, interval of convergence, Taylor's and Maclaurian series expansion of functions
- Matrices and determinants
  - Definition, type, transpose of function metrices, Matrix operations (Sum, product), Determinant of a matrix, properties, cofactor expansion, Inverse of a matrix, Matrix representation of a system of linear equations, Solution by reduced raw echelon form, Gauss-Jordan procedure, Cramer procedure, Eigen values and eigen vectors, diagnaliation of symmetric matrix, Gram-Schimidt process for determination an orthonormal set of n linearly independent eigen vectors.

**Calculus and Analytic Geometry, by Thomas** 

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